

First Class Rank Requirements 9a-9c

(9a) Tell what precautions should be taken for a safe trip afloat. _____

(9b) Before doing the following requirements, successfully complete the BSA swimmer test: _____

(9c) With a helper and a practice victim, show a line rescue both as tender and as rescuer. (The practice victim should be approximately 30 feet fro shore in deep water.) _____

b. Swim continuously for 400 yards using each of the following strokes in a strong manner for at least 50 continuous yards: front crawl, sidestroke, breaststroke, and elementary backstroke. _____

2. Explain the following:

a. Common drowning situations and how to prevent them. _____

b. How to identify persons in the water who need assistance. _____

c. The order of methods in water rescue. _____

d. How rescue techniques vary depending on the setting and the condition of the person needing assistance. _____

e. Situations for which in-water rescues should not be undertaken. _____

3. Demonstrate "reaching" rescues using various items such as arms, legs, towels, shirts, paddles, and poles. _____
4. Demonstrate "throwing" rescues using various items such as lines, ring buoys, rescue bags, and free-floating supports. Successfully place at least one such aid within reach of a practice victim 25 feet from shore. _____
5. Show or explain the use of rowboats, canoes, and other small craft in performing rescues. _____

6. List various items that can be used as rescue aids in a non-contact swimming rescue.

<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____
<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____
<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____	<input type="checkbox"/> _____

Explain why buoyant aids are preferred. _____

7. Perform the following equipment-based rescues for a conscious practice subject 30 feet from shore. Use a proper entry and a strong approach stroke. Speak to the subject to determine his condition and to provide instructions and encouragement.

- a. Present a rescue tube to the subject, release it, and escort the victim to safety. _____
- b. Present a rescue tube to the subject and use it to tow the victim to safety. _____
- c. Present a buoyant aid other than a rescue tube to the subject, release it, and escort the victim to safety. _____
- d. Present a buoyant aid other than a rescue tube to the subject and use it to tow the victim to safety. _____
- e. Remove street clothes in 20 seconds or less and use a non-buoyant aid, such as a shirt or towel, to tow the subject to safety. Explain when it is appropriate to remove heavy clothing before attempting a swimming rescue. _____

8. Explain the importance of avoiding contact with an active victim _____
and describe lead-and-wait tactics. _____

9. Perform the following non-equipment rescues for a conscious practice subject 30 feet from shore. Begin in the water from a position near the subject. Speak to the subject to determine his condition and to provide instructions and encouragement.

- a. Provide a swim-along assist for a calm, responsive, tired swimmer moving with a weak forward stroke. _____
- b. Perform an armpit tow for a calm responsive, tired swimmer resting with a back float. _____
- c. Perform a cross-chest carry for an exhausted, passive victim who does not respond to instructions to aid himself. _____

10. In deep water, show how to escape from a victim's grasp on your wrist. Repeat for front and rear holds about the head and shoulders. _____

11. Perform the following rescues for an unconscious practice subject at or near the surface 30 feet from shore. Use a proper entry and strong approach stroke. Speak to the subject and splash water on him to determine his condition before making contact. Remove the victim from the water, with assistance if needed, and position for CPR. _____

- a. Perform an equipment assist using a buoyant aid. _____

- b. Perform a front approach and wrist tow. _____
- c. Perform a rear approach and armpit tow. _____
12. Describe how to respond if a victim submerges before being reached by a rescuer, and do the following: _____
- a. Recover a 10-pound weight in 8 to 10 feet of water using a feet-first surface dive. _____
- b. Repeat using a headfirst surface dive. _____
13. Demonstrate knowledge of resuscitation procedures: _____
- a. Describe how to recognize the need for rescue breathing and CPR. _____
- b. Demonstrate proper CPR technique for at least 3 minutes using a mannequin designed to simulate ventilations and compressions. _____
14. Demonstrate management of a spinal injury: _____
- a. Explain the signs and symptoms of a spinal injury _____
- _____
- b. Support a face up victim in calm, shallow water. _____
- c. Turn a subject from a facedown to a face-up position while maintaining support.
15. Show that you know first aid for other injuries or illnesses that could occur while swimming or boating, including hypothermia, _____
- heat reactions, _____
- muscle cramps, _____
- sunburn, _____
- stings, _____
- and hyperventilation. _____

Online Resources (Use any Internet resource with caution and only with your parent's or guardian's permission.)

Merit Badge Workbooks: usscouts.org -or- meritbadge.org

► **Merit Badge Books:** www.scoutstuff.org

Boy Scouts of America: <http://www.scouting.org/> ► [Requirements](#) ► [Intro to Merit Badges](#) ► [Guide to Safe Scouting](#)

► [Youth Protection](#) ► [Leave No Trace](#) ► [Outdoor Code](#) ► [Wilderness Use](#) ► [Safe Swim Defense](#) ► [Safety Afloat](#)

[ExpertVillage First Aid Videos](#) 📺 [Make a First Aid Kit](#) 📺 [Basics](#) 📺 [Basics2](#) 📺 [CPR Basics](#) 📺 [Venomous Snake Bite](#)

[ExpertVillage Swimming Lesson Videos](#) 📺 [Tread Water](#) 📺 [Basics](#) 📺 [Freestyle](#) 📺 [Breaststroke](#) 📺 [Backstroke](#)

Application for BSA Lifeguard: <http://www.scouting.org/forms/34435.pdf>

The Lifesaving Society of Canada: <http://www.lifesaving.com>

Life Saving Society of Australia: <http://www.rlssa.org.au>

Surf Life Saving Australia Ltd.: <http://www.slsa.asn.au>

American Red Cross: www.redcross.org/

The Royal Life Saving Society of the United Kingdom: <http://www.lifesaversdirect.co.uk> or <http://www.rlss-notts.org>

United States Coast Guard: <http://www.uscg.mil>

United States Lifesaving Association: <http://www.usla.org>

YMCA of the USA: <http://www.ymca.net>.